

Supplementary Online Content

Copeland WE, Wolke D, Angold A, Costello EJ. Adult psychiatric outcomes of bullying and being bullied by peers in childhood and adolescence. *JAMA Psychiatry*. Published online February 20, 2013.
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eTable. Definitions and interview probes for bullying and being bullied

eFigure. Ascertainment strategy for the Great Smoky Mountain Study

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable. Definitions and interview probes for Bullying and Being Bullied				
Variable	How assessed?	How often?	Definition	Interview Questions*
Being bullied/teased	Structured interview with the child and their parent	4 to 6 times between ages 9 and 16	Child is a particular object of mockery, physical attacks or threats by peers or siblings.	<p>Do you get teased or bullied at all by your siblings or friends/peers?</p> <p>Is that more than other children?</p> <p>Are other boys and girls mean to you?</p>
Bullying	Structured interview with the child and their parent	4 to 6 times between ages 9 and 16	Child engages in deliberate actions aimed at causing distress to another or attempts to force another to do something against his/her will by using threats, violence, or intimidation.	<p>Do you ever do things to upset other people on purpose or try to hurt them on purpose?</p> <p>Do you ever try to get other people into trouble on purpose?</p> <p>Have you ever forced someone to do something s/he didn't want to do by threatening or hurting him/her?</p> <p>Do you ever pick on anyone?</p>

*Interviewer begins with standard questions, but may ask additional questions to ensure that the definition is met in full. Furthermore, interviewer asks who the perpetrator was (sibling or peers). Only peer bullying coded for this study. Frequency within the past 3 months and onset of bullying involvement were also assessed.

