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CORRECTION

Error in Quiz Answer Option: In the CME Online Quiz Questions for the Original Investigation titled “Association of Antibiotic Treatment With Outcomes in Patients Hospitalized for an Asthma Exacerbation Treated With Systemic Corticosteroids,” published online in the March 2019 issue of JAMA Internal Medicine, a quiz answer option has been updated. In Question 4, option C has been changed to “Lower risk of treatment failure.” The quiz has been updated online.


Incorrect Answer in CME Online Quiz Questions: In the CME Online Quiz Questions for the Original Investigation titled “Effects of Time-Restricted Eating on Weight Loss and Other Metabolic Parameters in Women and Men With Overweight and Obesity: The TREAT Randomized Clinical Trial,” published in the November 2020 issue, there was an omission in an answer choice for question 1. The correct text is “C. Noncaloric beverages (only water and black coffee or tea) were permitted outside of the eating widow for the TRE group.” This quiz was corrected online.


Errors in Degree Symbols and Descriptors: In the Original Investigation entitled “Evaluation of Cloth Masks and Modified Procedure Masks as Personal Protective Equipment for the Public During the COVID-19 Pandemic,” some of the masks used were incorrectly described as “woven,” and a temperature was recorded as “85.1 °C” that should have been “85.1 °F.” This article was corrected online.


Error in Author Surname: In the Editor’s Note entitled “Filtration Efficiency of Face Masks Used by the Public During the COVID-19 Pandemic,” Dr Steinbrook’s surname was incorrectly written as “Steinbeck.” This article was corrected online.


Replacement of Nonauthor Collaborator Names: In the Original Investigation titled “Association Between Early Treatment With Tocilizumab and Mortality Among Critically Ill Patients With COVID-19” that printed on January 4, 2021, the nonauthor collaborator names were omitted from the PubMed listing. The article has been corrected by adding Supplement 3 containing all names.


Errors in Data Presentation in Text, Table, and Supplement: In the article by Rooney et al titled “Risk of Progression to Diabetes Among Older Adults With Prediabetes,” published online February 8, 2021, and also in the April 2021 print issue of JAMA Internal Medicine, because of a calculation error, the incidence rates in Results, Table 2, and Table 3 in the Supplement were incorrectly reported and have been replaced with corrected values. In addition, text was omitted from the first sentence in the findings portion of the Key Points. The corrected sentence now reads, “In this cohort study of 3412 older adults, the prevalence of prediabetes (mean [SD] age, 75.6 [5.2] years) was high and differed substantially depending on the definition used, with estimates ranging from 29% for glycated hemoglobin levels of 5.7% to 6.4% and fasting glucose levels of 100 to 125 mg/dL to 73% for either glycated hemoglobin levels of 5.7% to 6.4% or fasting glucose levels of 100 to 125 mg/dL.” The overall interpretation and implications of the study still stand.