differences between our corrected and original estimates and between those by Kupicki and Thompson to our use of the PheWAS statistical package (as detailed in the article Supplement), which may need maps expanded to additional source vocabularies, similar to other programs. We included more details of our analytic choices and their limitations in the corrected Supplement. We believe this can serve as a useful guide for readers who want to use this relatively new data resource. Importantly, while we were able to identify more participants with a diagnosis, we observed similar patterns of comorbidity and relationships with sociodemographic correlates.

We are grateful for the authors’ comments on our article. All of Us provides a rich source of data with various nuances to be considered. We hope this lesson is taken to heart by all those interested in working with this new and complex resource. We have requested that our original article be corrected to include the term diagnoses vs disorders, our revised methods of analysis, and corrected estimates of prevalence of diagnoses in the title, text, Tables, Figure, and Supplement. We apologize to the readers of JAMA Psychiatry for any confusion this has caused. The article has now been corrected.

Peter B. Barr, PhD
Tim B. Bigdeli, PhD
Jacquelyn L. Meyers, PhD

Author Affiliations: Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, SUNY Downstate Health Sciences University, Brooklyn, New York (Barr, Bigdeli, Meyers); VA New York Harbor Healthcare System, Brooklyn (Barr, Bigdeli, Meyers).

Corresponding Author: Peter B. Barr, PhD, Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, SUNY Downstate Health Sciences University, 450 Clarkson Ave, MSC 1203, Brooklyn, NY 11203 (peter.barr@downstate.edu).

Published Online: September 14, 2022. doi:10.1001/jamapsychiatry.2022.2739

Conflict of Interest Disclosures: None reported.


Correction

Errors in Terminology, Data Query, and Prevalence Rates: In the Brief Report “Prevalence, Comorbidity, and Sociodemographic Correlates of Psychiatric Diagnoses Reported in the All of Us Research Program,” published Online First on April 20, 2022, and in the June issue of JAMA Psychiatry, the authors had erroneously reported disorders when they should have used the term diagnoses. In addition, their query of the All of Us database had erroneously identified 331,380 participants, but the correct number of participants with available EHR data using code developed by the All of Us workbench team was 214,206. The authors revised their analysis, as explained in their Letter, and report different prevalence rates for the diagnoses. The original study reported that prevalence rates among the All of Us cohort were generally lower than that of the general population. In their revised analysis, estimates for many of the diagnoses were lower than nationally representative population-based estimates, except those for mood disorders, sleep disorders, and schizophrenia. The article title, text, Tables, Figure, and Supplement have been corrected online to address these errors.


Error in Race and Ethnicity Data: The Original Investigation titled “Percentage of Heavy Drinking Days Following Psilocybin-Assisted Psychotherapy vs Placebo in the Treatment of Adult Patients With Alcohol Use Disorder: A Randomized Clinical Trial,” published online August 24, 2022, was corrected to fix the numbers of participants presented by race and ethnicity.


Error in Figure 2: In the Original Investigation titled “Heritability of Psychotic Experiences in Adolescents and Interaction With Environmental Risk,” published online August 3, 2022, there was an error in Figure 2. The exposure results for each phenotype were mislabeled. This article has been corrected online and in print.


Change to Open Access Status: The Original Investigation “Associations of Depression, Anxiety, Worry, Perceived Stress, and Loneliness Prior to Infection With Risk of Post–COVID-19 Conditions,” published online September 7, 2022, was changed to open access status under a CC-BY license. This article was corrected online.